AP Calculus - Volume or Cross Sections Practice

1. Find the volume of the solid whose base is the region bound by the curves $y = x^2$ and $y = 8 - x^2$, and whose cross sections are perpendicular to the *x*-axis are

(a) Squares **136.533**

(b) Semicircles **53.6165**

2. Let *R* be the region bound by the graphs of $y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$ and the y = 0 for $4 \le x \le 9$. Find the volume of the solid whose base is the region *R* and whose cross sections are perpendicular to the *x*-axis equilateral triangles.

0.351

3. Let *f* and *g* be the functions given by f(x) = 2x(1-x) and $g(x) = 3(x-1)\sqrt{x}$ for $0 \le x \le 1$. Find the volume of the solid whose base is the region bounded by *f* and *g* and whose cross sections are perpendicular to the *x*-axis are quarter circles.

1.1725

4. Let *R* be the region enclosed by the graphs of $y = e^x$, $y = x^3$, and the y-axis.

(a) Find the area of *R*. **2.4315**

(b) Find the volume of the solid with base on region R and cross sections perpendicular to the *x*-axis. The cross sections are triangles with height equal to three times the length of their base. **5.267**

(c) Find the volume of the solid with base on region R and cross sections perpendicular to the y-axis. The cross sections are rectangles with height equal to six times the length of their base. 8.9178

5. Consider the region bounded by the graph of $f(x) = \ln x$, and the lines x = 5 and y = 0.

(a) Find the area of this region. 4.047

(b) Find the volume of the solid with cross sections perpendicular to the *x*-axis if the cross sections are semicircles. 1.907

(c) Find the volume of the solid with cross sections perpendicular to the *y*-axis if the cross sections are equilateral triangles. **5.298**